



February 7, 2023

IN THE MATTER OF PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC  
AND GAS COMPANY'S REQUEST FOR AN ACCOUNTING  
ORDER AUTHORIZING THE COMPANY TO MODIFY ITS PENSION  
ACCOUNTING FOR RATEMAKING PURPOSES

Docket No. ER22090549

**VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL**

Carmen Diaz, Acting Board Secretary  
Board of Public Utilities  
44 South Clinton Avenue  
P.O. Box 350  
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0350

Dear Secretary Diaz:

Attached is the fully executed Stipulation in the above-reference matter resolving all aspects of this matter. All the parties have signed the Stipulation: Public Service Electric and Gas Company, the Staff of the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities, and the New Jersey Division of Rate Counsel.

Consistent with the Order issued by the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities ("BPU or Board") in connection with In the Matter of the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities' Response to the COVID-19 Pandemic for a Temporary Waiver of Requirements for Certain Non-Essential Obligations, BPU Docket No. EO20030254, Order dated March 19, 2020, this filing is being electronically filed with the Secretary of the Board and the New Jersey Division of Rate Counsel. No paper copies will follow.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me. Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Matthew Weissman".

Matthew M. Weissman

C Attached Service List (E-Mail)

**STATE OF NEW JERSEY  
BOARD OF PUBLIC UTILITIES**

IN THE MATTER OF PUBLIC SERVICE	)	
ELECTRIC AND GAS COMPANY’S	)	BPU Docket No. ER22090549
REQUEST FOR AN ACCOUNTING	)	
ORDER AUTHORIZING THE	)	
COMPANY TO MODIFY ITS PENSION	)	
ACCOUNTING FOR RATEMAKING	)	
PURPOSES	)	

**STIPULATION AND AGREEMENT**

**APPEARANCES:**

**Joseph A. Accardo, Jr., Esq.**, Vice President and Deputy General Counsel, and **Matthew M. Weissman, Esq.**, Managing Counsel - State Regulatory, for the Petitioner, Public Service Electric and Gas Company

**Brian O. Lipman, Esq.**, Director, **Maura Caroselli, Esq.**, Manager of Gas & Clean Energy, and **T. David Wand, Esq.**, Deputy Rate Counsel, **Megan Lupo, Esq.**, Assistant Deputy Rate Counsel, and **Brian Weeks**, Deputy Rate Counsel, for the New Jersey Division of Rate Counsel

**Matko Ilic**, Deputy Attorney General, for the Staff of the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities (**Matthew J. Platkin**, Attorney General of New Jersey)

On September 1, 2022, Public Service Electric and Gas Company (“PSE&G” or the “Company”) filed a petition with the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities (“Board” or “BPU”) seeking approval to: 1) determine, for rate-making purposes, amortization of the net gain or loss component of its pension expense utilizing the “calculated” or “smoothed” market-related value of assets method (“Proposed Methodology”), effective January 1, 2023; 2) record a regulatory asset or regulatory liability to account for any resulting difference in amortization of the net gain or loss component of its pension expense or income from its current methodology and the Proposed Methodology for purposes of income statement reporting; and 3) submit, for recovery

or return in rates, its pension expense or income utilizing the Proposed Methodology for computing the amortization of net gains or losses (“Petition”).

## **BACKGROUND**

PSE&G’s parent company, Public Service Enterprise Group (“PSEG”) sponsors qualified plans covering active employees and retirees for PSEG and its subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2021, PSEG incurred qualified pension liabilities totaling approximately \$7.1 billion with qualified pension assets totaling \$6.9 billion. PSE&G accounts for approximately 63% of PSEG’s pension liabilities.

Pursuant to accounting rules established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”), PSE&G calculates, on an annual basis, its net periodic pension cost (“NPPC”).<sup>1</sup> The NPPC is comprised of several components calculated based on various factors including: assumptions about active employees’ retirement dates, life expectancy, and other factors subject to uncertainty. The Petition and Stipulation concern accounting for the amortization of net gains or losses associated with asset experience. The assets’ annual investment performance affect this component and creates a significant source of pension expense volatility.

PSE&G currently uses the fair value of plan assets to determine the market-related value of assets for all asset classes in its pension trust.<sup>2</sup> The Company adopted this approach in 1987 following implementation of FASB 87 “Employers’ Accounting for Pensions” and asserts it is unable to change the approach under the U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (“GAAP”).

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<sup>1</sup> The NPPC is the annual pension accounting expense or income a company must recognize in its income statement.

<sup>2</sup> “Fair value of plan assets” means the market value of the trust assets at year-end.

However, if approved by the Board, PSE&G would modify the amortization of PSE&G's actuarial gains and losses for ratemaking purposes and use the Proposed Methodology. This would be consistent with ASC 980-10.<sup>3</sup> This accounting standard notes "[r]egulators sometimes include costs in allowable costs in a period other than the period in which the costs would be charged to expense by an unregulated entity." Through the Petition, the Company proposes to change its pension accounting method to the Proposed Methodology.

In the Petition and its discovery responses, PSE&G asserted that adopting the Proposed Methodology would allow it to partially mitigate the volatility of its pension expense, including when setting rates, which would subsequently support rate stability. PSE&G further asserted that, due to the growth of its pension trust over the past several years and historic volatility of the financial market, it must change its accounting method as soon as possible to reduce the impact of current and potential future market volatility on the Company and its customers.

BPU Staff and the New Jersey Division of Rate Counsel ("Rate Counsel") filed, and PSE&G responded to, discovery regarding PSE&G's proposal. In addition, the parties conducted several meetings to discuss the proposal, wherein PSE&G responded to Staff's and Rate Counsel's questions regarding the proposal.

### **STIPULATION**

Staff, Rate Counsel, and PSE&G (collectively, "Parties"), HEREBY STIPULATE AND AGREE to the following findings, conclusions, and determinations for the purpose of a full, final, and complete resolution of the issues raised in the Petition with respect to modification of PSE&G's pension accounting method:

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<sup>3</sup> See *US GAAP Codification of Accounting Standards Codification Topic 980-10: Regulated Operations – overall*.

1. The Parties acknowledge that in recent years, including the time period of the COVID-19 outbreak, equity and fixed income investments have displayed unusual impacts compared to most prior years. The resulting significant impact on PSE&G's pension costs makes PSE&G's request reasonable at this time.

2. To partially mitigate the volatility in the pension expense, PSE&G proposes, and the Parties agree, that as of January 1, 2023, PSE&G shall, in calculating its annual NPPC, modify the amortization of its actuarial gains and losses related to the difference between expected returns and actual returns on its pension assets for ratemaking purposes using the Proposed Methodology.

3. Specifically, for ratemaking purposes, amortization of the net gain or loss component of the pension expense shall be determined utilizing the "calculated" or "smoothed" market-related value of assets instead of fair value at year-end. For this purpose, effective January 1, 2023, PSE&G will calculate the market-related value by adjusting the fair value of assets by the following:

- a. 80% of the difference between the actual asset return minus the expected return for the preceding year,
- b. 60% of the difference between the actual asset return minus the expected return for the second preceding year,
- c. 40% of the difference between the actual asset return minus the expected return for the third preceding year, and
- d. 20% of the difference between the actual asset return minus the expected return for the fourth preceding year.

In implementing this change, only returns incurred after January 1, 2022 will be considered.

4. The Parties further agree that PSE&G will record the resulting difference in the amortization of the net gain or loss component of pension expense or income between its current methodology and the Proposed Methodology for purposes of income statement reporting as a regulatory asset or regulatory liability. The resulting regulatory asset or liability will be amortized pursuant to the Proposed Methodology, with the annual amount included in the net pension expense submitted for cost recovery or return in future rate cases, similar to the current regulatory asset or liability that is amortized into the pension expense each year.

5. The Parties agree that the regulatory asset or regulatory liability resulting from this change will not be included in rate base in any future rate case, and that the regulatory asset or regulatory liability will not accrue carrying charges.

6. The Parties agree that PSE&G shall, upon authorization by the Board:
- a. determine, for ratemaking purposes, the amortization of the net gain or loss component of its pension expense utilizing the “calculated” or “smoothed” market-related value of assets, effective January 1, 2023;
  - b. record a regulatory asset or liability to account for the resulting difference in the amortization of the net gain or loss component of its pension expense (or income) between its current methodology and the Proposed Methodology for purposes of income statement reporting;

- c. submit, for recovery or return in rates, its pension expense or income utilizing the Proposed Methodology for computing the amortization of the net gains or losses;
- d. exclude the regulatory asset or regulatory liability from rate base in future base rate proceedings; and
- e. clarify that the regulatory asset or regulatory liability will not accrue carrying charges.

7. The Parties agree that nothing herein shall be construed to waive any party's right to information in future rate proceedings on PSE&G's pension expense. Specifically, in each subsequent base rate case following PSE&G's 2024 Base Rate Case, the Company will submit a pension expense that will be open to review and full discovery rights on all aspects, including but not limited to the methodology agreed to herein, which may include discovery on how pension smoothing continues to be an appropriate methodology, with any projection data related thereto.

8. This Stipulation represents a mutual balancing of interests, contains interdependent provisions and, therefore, is intended to be accepted and approved in its entirety. In the event any particular aspect of this Stipulation is not accepted and approved in its entirety by the Board, any Party aggrieved thereby shall not be bound to proceed with this Stipulation and shall have the right to litigate all issues addressed herein to a conclusion. More particularly, in the event that this Stipulation is not adopted in its entirety by the Board in any applicable Order(s), any Party hereto is free to pursue its then available legal remedies with respect to all issues addressed in this Stipulation as though this Stipulation had not been signed.

9. The Parties agree that they consider the Stipulation to be binding on them for all purposes herein.

10. It is specifically understood and agreed that this Stipulation represents a negotiated agreement and has been made exclusively for the purpose of these proceedings. Except as expressly provided herein, the Parties shall not be deemed to have approved, agreed to, or consented to any principle or methodology underlying or supposed to underlie any agreement provided herein, in total or by specific item. The Parties further agree that this Stipulation is in no way binding upon them in any other proceeding, except to enforce the terms of this Stipulation.

11. The justification and prudence of the Company's pension expense, including those deferred and placed in regulatory assets, as well as the pension investment strategy, have not been agreed to in this proceeding, but will be reserved for review and determination in the Company's subsequent base rate cases, including the Base Rate Case to be filed by January 1, 2024. The Parties reserve all rights to take any positions on subsequent matters that may arise.

12. The Parties further acknowledge that a Board Order approving this Stipulation will become effective upon the service of said Board Order or upon such date after the service thereof as the Board may specify in accordance with N.J.S.A. 48:2-40.

PUBLIC SERVICE ELECTRIC AND GAS  
COMPANY

BY:



Matthew M. Weissman  
Managing Counsel – State Regulatory

DATED: February 3, 2023

MATTHEW J. PLATKIN,  
ATTORNEY GENERAL OF NEW JERSEY  
Attorney for the Staff of the Board of Public  
Utilities

BY:



Matko Ilic  
Deputy Attorney General

DATED: February 6, 2023



NEW JERSEY DIVISION OF RATE  
COUNSEL,  
BRIAN O. LIPMAN, DIRECTOR

BY: T. David Wand  
T. David Wand  
Deputy Rate Counsel

DATED: February 7, 2023